HOUSING AUTHORITY OF THE TOWNSHIP OF BERKELEY

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

WITH REPORT OF INDEPENDENT AUDITORS

HOUSING AUTHORITY OF THE TOWNSHIP OF BERKELEY TABLE OF CONTENTS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

Contents	Page
Report of Independent Auditors	1-3
Management's Discussion and Analysis	4-11
Financial Statements: Statement of Net Position Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position	12-13
Statement of Cash Flows	15-16
Notes to Financial Statements	17-33
Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards	34-35
Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by	
the Uniform Guidance and New Jersey OMB Circular 15-08	36-37
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	38
Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	39-40
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs	41-42
Required Pension Information	43
Financial Data Schedule	44-47



REPORT OF INDEPENDENT AUDITORS

To the Board of Commissioners
Housing Authority of the Township of Berkeley:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Housing Authority of the Township of Berkeley as of and for the year ended December 31, 2016 and the related notes to the financial statements, as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. This includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States and audit requirements as prescribed by the Division of Local Government Services, Department of Community Affairs, State of New Jersey. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditors consider internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Housing Authority of the Township of Berkeley as of December 31, 2016 and the changes in its net position and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, schedule of pension contributions and schedule of net pension liability be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Housing Authority of the Township of Berkeley's financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for the purpose of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and is also not a required part of the financial statements. The accompanying financial data schedule is also not a required part of the financial statements and is presented for the purposes of additional analysis as required by the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development.

The schedule of expenditures of federal awards and the financial data schedule are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards and financial data schedule are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated August 28, 2017 on our consideration of the Housing Authority of the Township of Berkeley's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the Housing Authority of the Township of Berkeley's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Novogradac & Company LLP

August 28, 2017 Toms River, New Jersey

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

As Management of the Authority, we offer readers of the Authority's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Authority for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2016. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the Authority's financial statements as presented elsewhere in this Report.

A Financial Highlights

- 1. The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the Authority exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$1,155,849 (net position) as opposed to \$1,562,463 for the prior fiscal year.
- 2. As of the close of the current fiscal year, the Authority's Proprietary Fund reported ending Unrestricted Net Position of \$396,264.
- 3. The Authority's cash and cash equivalent balance (including restricted cash) at December 31, 2016 was \$1,586,328 representing a decrease of \$247,140 from the prior fiscal year.
- 4. The Authority had Total Operating Revenues of \$1,233,178 and Total Operating Expenses of \$1,608,887 for the year ended December 31, 2016.
- 5. The Authority's capital outlays for the fiscal year were \$50,012.
- 6. The Authority's Expenditures of Federal Awards amounted to \$942,440 for the fiscal year.

B. Using the Annual Report

1. Management's Discussion and Analysis

The Management's Discussion and Analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Authority's general purpose financial statements. The Authority's general purpose financial statements and Notes to Financial Statements included in this Report were prepared in accordance with GAAP applicable to governmental entities in the United States of America for Proprietary Fund types.

B. <u>Using the Annual Report (continued)</u>

2. Basic Financial Statements

The financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Authority's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business. They consist of Statement of Net Position, Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position and Statement of Cash Flows.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all the Authority's assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources with the difference between the two reported as net position. Increases or decreases in net position will serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Authority is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position presents information showing how the Authority's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of unrelated cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., depreciation and earned but unused vacation leave).

The Statement of Cash Flows presents relevant information about the Authority's cash receipts and cash payments during the year.

The financial statements report on the Authority's activities. The activities are primarily supported by HUD subsidies and grants. The Authority's function is to provide decent, safe and sanitary housing to low income and special needs populations. The financial statements can be found on pages 12 through 16.

3. Notes to Financial Statements

The Notes to Financial Statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the financial statements. The Notes to Financial Statements can be found in this report after the financial statements.

B. <u>Using the Annual Report (continued)</u>

4. Supplemental Information

The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards can be found on page 38 of this report.

C. The Authority as a Whole

The Authority's net position decreased during the fiscal year as detailed on the next page. The Authority's revenues are primarily subsidies and grants received from HUD. The Authority receives subsidies each month based on a pre-approved amount by HUD. Grants are drawn down based on need against a pre-authorized funding level. The Authority's revenues were not sufficient to cover all expenses, excluding depreciation during the fiscal year.

The Authority's net position is reflected in its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, equipment and construction in progress). The Authority uses these capital assets to provide housing services for its tenants; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. The unrestricted net position of the Authority is available for future use to provide program services.

C. The Authority as a Whole (continued)

Computation of Net Position is as follows:

	Decen	iber 31.		%
	2016	2015	Variance	Change
Cash and Other Current Assets	\$ 1,440,130	\$ 1,698,398	\$ (258,268)	-15.21%
Restricted Cash	147,599	141,992	5,607	3.95%
Capital Assets, Net	908,484	998,847	(90,363)	-9.05%
Deferred Outflows of Resources	369,287	122,457	246,830	201.56%
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows	2,865,500	2,961,694	(96,194)	-3.25%
Less: Total Liabilities and Deferred				
Inflows of Resources	1,709,651	1,399,231	310,420	22.19%
Net Position	<u>\$ 1,155,849</u>	\$ 1,562,463	\$ (406,614)	-26,02%
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$ 648,484	\$ 723,847	\$ (75,363)	-10.41%
Restricted Net Position	111,101	141,992	(30,891)	-21.76%
Unrestricted Net Position	396,264	696,624	(300,360)	-43.12%
Total Net Position	\$ 1,155,849	\$1.562.463	\$ (406,614)	-26.02%

- Cash and other current assets decreased \$258,268 as the Authority's operating cash on hand decreased \$252,747.
- Restricted cash increased \$5,607 primarily due to the Authority having more HAP reserves on hand.
- Capital assets, net decreased \$90,363 as depreciation expense of \$140,375 exceeded capital purchases of \$50,012.
- Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources increased \$310,420 primarily due to the Authority being required to record their unfunded pension obligation as required by GASB 68. The calculation of GASB 68 resulted in an ending pension liability of \$1,210,575 and deferred inflows of resources of \$53,917.

C. The Authority as a Whole (continued)

	December 31,					%	
		2016		2015		Variance	Change
Operating revenues: Tenant Revenues	\$	285,025	\$	321,332	s	(26.207)	-11.30%
HUD Operating Grants	J.	747,751	J	729,262	J	(36,307) 18,489	2.54%
Other Revenues				•		·	621
Other Revenues		200,402	_	206,600		(6,198)	-3.00%
Total Revenues		1,233,178	_	1,257,194		(24,016)	-1.91%
Operating Expenses:							
Other Operating Expenses		917,542		788,361		129,181	16.39%
Housing Assistance Payments		550,970		524,431		26,539	5.06%
Depreciation		140,375		128,448	_	11,927	9.29%
Total Operating Expenses		<u>1,608,887</u>	_	1,441,240	_	167,647	11.63%
Operating Loss		(375,709)	_	(184,046)	_	(191,663)	104.14%
Other Revenues (Expense):							
Interest expense		(13,134)		(13,453)		319	-2.37%
Extraordinary maintenance		(35,428)		(30,007)		(5,421)	18.07%
Interest income		2,657		1,758		899	51.14%
Capital Grants		15,000		15,000		•	0%
Net Other Revenue (Expense)		(30,905)	_	(26,702)		(4,203)	15.74%
Change in Net Position		(406,614)		(210,748)		(195,866)	92.94%
Net Position, Beginning of Year		1,562,463		2,576,722		(1,014,259)	-39.36%
Change in Accounting Principle, Adopt							
GASB 68		-	_	(803,511)	_	(803,511)	-100.00%
Net Position, End of Year	<u>s</u>	1,155,849	<u>.s_</u>	1,562,463	.1	<u>(406,614)</u>	-26.02%

C. The Authority as a Whole (continued)

- HUD operating grants increased \$18,489 due to the Authority receiving more grant subsidy in the Public & Indian Housing and Section 8 HCV Programs.
- Other operating expenses increased \$129,181, primarily due to an increase of \$94,110 in administrative expenses and ordinary maintenance and operations expenses increased \$10,524.
- Housing assistance payments increased by \$26,539 primarily due more expense in the Continuum of Care (Shelter Plus Care) Program.

D. <u>Budgetary Highlights</u>

For the year ended December 31, 2016, individual program or grant budgets were prepared by the Authority and were approved by the Board of Commissioners. The budgets were primarily used as a management tool and have no legal stature. Also, the Authority adopted a comprehensive annual budget for the General Fund. The budgets were prepared in accordance with the accounting procedures prescribed by the applicable funding agency.

As indicated by the deficit of revenues over expenses, the Authority's net position decreased during the fiscal year.

E. Capital Assets and Debt Administration

1. Capital Assets

As of December 31, 2016, the Authority's investment in capital assets for its Proprietary Fund was \$908,484. This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, equipment and construction in progress, net of accumulated depreciation.

Major capital assets purchased for the year totaled \$50,012 and pertained to expenditures made from reserves for modernization held by the Authority.

Additional information on the Authority's capital assets can be found in the Notes to the Financial Statements, which is included in this Report.

2. Long Term Debt

During 2007, the Authority entered into a Capital Fund leveraging pool. The New Jersey Housing and Mortgage Finance Agency issued tax exempt, twenty year Capital Fund Program Revenue Bonds, 2007 Series A with a face value of \$390,000 on August 2, 2007. The Authority's share of funds from the bond issue pool amounted to \$371,595. Interest accrues at 4.50% and is payable semi-annually on May 1st and November 1st. Repayment of the funds shall be paid solely from Capital Fund allocations received by the Authority from the Department of Housing and Urban Development.

Please refer to the notes to the financial statements for additional information on the Authority's long-term debt.

F. <u>Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates</u>

The following factors were considered in preparing the Authority's budget for the fiscal year ending December 31, 2017:

- 1. The state of the economy.
- 2. The need for Congress to fund the war on terrorism and the continued cut-back on HUD subsidies and grants.
- 3. The use of the Authority's Unrestricted Net Position of \$396,264 to fund any shortfalls rising from a possible economic turndown and reduced subsidies and grants. The Authority's Unrestricted Net Position appears sufficient to cover any shortfall.

G. Contacting the Authority's Financial Management

The financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Authority's finances for all those with an interest. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to Grace Dekker, Executive Director, Berkelely Housing Authority, 44 Frederick Drive, Bayville, NJ 08721.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

HOUSING AUTHORITY OF THE TOWNSHIP OF BERKELEY STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2016

ASSETS

Current assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,438,729
Account receivable - tenants, net	1.401
Total current assets	1,440,130
Non-current assets	
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	147,599
Capital assets, net	908,484
Total non-current assets	1,056,083
Total assets	2,496,213
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
State of New Jersey P.E.R.S.	369,287

HOUSING AUTHORITY OF THE TOWNSHIP OF BERKELEY STATEMENT OF NET POSITION (continued) AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2016

LIABILITIES

Current liabilities: Accounts payable Accrued wages and payroll taxes Accrued compensated absences Tenant security deposits Prepaid tenant rents Other current liabilities	\$	22,249 2,646 7,306 36,498 27,238 23,470
Current portion of long term debt	_	20,000
Total current liabilities		139,407
Non-current liabilities: Accrued compensated absences, net of current portion Long term debt, net of current portion Net pension liability	_	65,752 240,000 1,210,575
Total non-current liabilities		1,516,327
Total liabilities	_	1,655,734
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
State of New Jersey P.E.R.S.	_	53,917
NET POSITION		
Net position: Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	_	648,484 111,101 396,264
Total net position	\$	1,155,849

HOUSING AUTHORITY OF THE TOWNSHIP OF BERKELEY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

Operating revenues:	
Tenant revenue	\$ 285,025
HUD grants	747,751
Other revenues	200,402
Total operating revenues	1,233,178
Operating expenses:	
Administrative	377,306
Tenant services	14,758
Utilities	246,770
Ordinary maintenance and operations	201,070
Insurance	35,737
General	41,901
Housing assistance payments	550,970
Depreciation	140,375
Total operating expenses	1,608,887
Operating loss	(375.709)
Non-operating revenue (expenses):	
Investment income	2,657
Interest expense	(13,134)
Extraordinary maintenance	(35,428)
Net non-operating revenue (expenses)	(45,905)
Loss before capital grants	(421,614)
Capital grants	15,000
Change in net position	(406,614)
Net position, beginning of year	1,562,463
Net position, end of year	\$ <u>1,155,849</u>

HOUSING AUTHORITY OF THE TOWNSHIP OF BERKELEY STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

Cash Flows from Operating Activities: Cash received from tenants Cash received from grantors Cash paid to employees Cash paid to suppliers	\$ 502,436 750,234 (360,894) _(1,042,999)
Net cash flows used by operating activities	(151,223)
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities: Purchases of capital assets Extraordinary maintenance Principal payments on long-term debt Capital grant contributions	(50,012) (35,428) (15,000) 15,000
Net cash flows used by capital and related financing activities	(85,440)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities: Interest expense Investment income	(13,134) 2,657
Net cash flows used by investing activities	(10,477)
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(247,140)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	1.833,468
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$1,586,328_
A reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents to Statement of Net Position is as follows:	
Unrestricted cash and cash equivalents Restricted cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,438,729 147,599
	\$ <u>1,586,328</u>

HOUSING AUTHORITY OF THE TOWNSHIP OF BERKELEY STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (continued) YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash used by operating activities:

Operating loss	\$	(375,709)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash used by operating activities:		
Depreciation		140,375
Changes in assets and liabilities and deferred outflows and deferred inflows:		
Accounts receivable - HUD		2,483
Accounts receivable - tenants		1,444
Accounts receivable - miscellaneous		1,594
Accounts payable		(7,726)
Accrued expenses		(310)
Accrued compensated absences		(32,317)
Tenant security deposits		3,162
Prepaid tenant rents		10,809
Deferred inflows of resources		2,272
Deferred outflows of resources		(246,830)
Net pension liability	_	349,530
Net cash used by operating activities	\$_	(151,223)

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Organization

The Housing Authority of the Township of Berkeley (the "Authority") is a public body corporate and politic of the State of New Jersey (the "State") created by the Township of Berkeley (the "Township") under Local Redevelopment and Housing Law (N.J.S.A 40A:12A-1,et seq) of the State. The Authority is responsible for operating certain low-rent housing programs in the Township under programs administered by the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development ("HUD"). These programs provide housing for eligible families under the United States Housing Act of 1937, as amended.

At December 31, 2016, the Authority maintained 70 federally funded public housing units and a leased housing program, which is authorized to provide housing assistance payments to approximately 25 families.

The Authority is governed by a board of seven members who serve five-year terms. The governing board is essentially autonomous but is responsible to HUD and the State of New Jersey Department of Community Affairs. An executive director is appointed by the Authority's Board to manage the day-to-day operations of the Authority.

B. Description of Programs

The Authority maintains its accounting records by program. A summary of the significant programs operated by the Authority is as follows:

Section 8 Housing Choice Vouchers

The Authority administers a program of rental assistance payments to private owners on behalf of eligible low-income families under Section 8 of the Housing and Urban Development Act of 1974. The program provides payments covering the difference between the maximum rental on a dwelling unit, as approved by HUD, and the amount of rent contribution by a participating family.

Public and Indian Housing Program

The public housing program is designed to provide low-cost housing within the Township of Berkeley. Under this program, HUD provides funding via an annual contributions contract. These funds, combined with the rental income received from tenants, are available solely to meet the operating expenses of the program.

Public Housing Capital Fund Program

The capital fund program provides funds annually, via a formula, to public housing agencies for capital and management activities including modernization and development of public housing units.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

C. Reporting Entity

In accordance with Statement No. 61 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB"), the Authority's basic financial statements include those of the Housing Authority of the Township of Berkeley and any component units. Component units are legally separate, tax-exempt organizations whose majority of officials are appointed by the primary government or the organization is fiscally dependent on the primary government and there is a potential for those organizations either to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on, the primary government. An organization has a financial benefit or burden relationship with the primary government if any one of the following conditions exist:

- 1. The primary government (Authority) is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources.
- 2. The primary government is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the obligation to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization.
- 3. The primary government is obligated in some manner for the debt of the organization.

Based upon the application of these criteria, this report includes all programs and activities operated by the Authority. There were no additional entities required to be included in the reporting entity under these criteria in the current fiscal year. Furthermore, the Authority is not included in any other reporting entity on the basis of such criteria.

D. Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The Authority's financial statements are prepared in accordance with GASB Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis for State and Local Governments, ("GASB 34"), as amended. GASB 34 requires the basic financial statements to be prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting and requires the presentation of a Statement of Net Position, a Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position and Statement Cash Flows. GASB 34 also requires the Authority to include the Management's Discussion and Analysis as part of the Required Supplemental Information.

The Authority's primary source of non-exchange revenue relates to grants and subsidies. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 33, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Non-exchange Transactions ("GASB 33"), grant and subsidy revenue are recognized at the time eligible program expenditures occur and/or the Authority has complied with the grant and subsidy requirements.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

D. Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation (continued)

On January 30, 2008, HUD issued *PIH Notice 2008-9* which requires that housing assistance payments ("HAP") under proprietary fund reporting should be reported as restricted net position, with the associated cash and investments also being reported on HUD's Financial Data Schedule ("FDS") as restricted. Any unused administrative fees should be reported as unrestricted net assets, with the associated assets being reported on the FDS as unrestricted.

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 9, Reporting Cash Flows of Proprietary and Nonexpendable Trust Funds and Governmental Entities that Use Proprietary Fund Accounting, the aforementioned funds are treated as restricted cash and cash equivalents on the Authority's Statements of Net Position and Cash Flows.

Both administrative fee and HAP revenue continue to be recognized under the guidelines set forth in GASB 33. Accordingly, both the time and purpose restrictions as defined by GASB 33 are met when these funds are available and measurable, not when these funds are expended. The Housing Choice Voucher program is no longer a cost reimbursement grant; therefore, the Authority recognizes unspent administrative fee and HAP revenue in the reporting period as revenue for financial statement reporting.

Any investment income earned on these funds is reflected in the net position account on which the investment income was earned. Investment income earned on HAP cash balances is credited to the HAP restricted net position account and investment income earned on administrative fee cash balances is credited to the unrestricted net position account.

In 2015, the Authority adopted GASB Statement No. 68 Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions ("GASB 68"). GASB 68 established standards for measuring and recognizing liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and expenditures associated with pension plans of State and Local Governments. For defined benefit pensions, GASB 68 identifies the methods and assumptions that should be used to project benefit payments, discount projected benefit payments to their actual present value, and attribute that present value to periods of employee service. In addition, GASB 68 details the recognition and disclosure requirements for employers with liabilities to a defined benefit pension plan and for employers whose employees are provided with defined contribution pensions.

E. Operating Revenues and Expenses

The Authority defines its operating revenues as income derived from charges to residents and others for services provided, as well as government subsidies and grants used for operating purposes. Operating expenses are costs incurred in the operation of its program activities to provide services to residents and others. The Authority classifies all other revenues and expenses as non-operating.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

F. Cash and Cash Equivalents

New Jersey Authorities are required by N.J.S.A. 40A: 5-14 to deposit public funds in a bank or trust company having its place of business in the State of New Jersey and organized under the laws of the United States or State of New Jersey or the New Jersey Cash Management Fund. N.J.S.A. 40A: 5-15.1 provides a list of securities that may be purchased by New Jersey Authorities. The Authority is required to deposit funds in public depositories protected from loss under the provisions of the Governmental Unit Deposit Protection Act ("GUDPA"). GUDPA was enacted in 1970 to protect governmental units from a loss of funds on deposit with a failed banking institution in New Jersey. No governmental unit under GUDPA has ever lost protected deposits.

HUD requires housing authorities to invest excess funds in obligations of the United States, Certificates of Deposit or any other federally insured investment.

HUD also requires that deposits be fully collateralized at all times. Acceptable collateralization includes FDIC insurance and the market value of securities purchased and pledged to the political subdivision. Pursuant to HUD restrictions, obligations of the United States are allowed as security for deposits. Obligations furnished as security must be held by the Authority or with an unaffiliated bank or trust company for the account of the Authority.

For the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents include all cash balances and highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less at time of purchase.

It is the Authority's policy to maintain collateralization in accordance with state and HUD requirements.

G. Accounts Receivable, Net

Rents are due from tenants on the first day of each month. As a result, tenants accounts receivable balances primarily consist of rents past due and vacated tenants. Also included in accounts receivable are those amounts that tenants owe the Authority as payment for committing fraud or misrepresentation. These charges usually consist of retroactive rent and other amounts that may be determined by a formal written agreement or by a court order. An allowance for doubtful accounts is established to provide for all accounts, which may not be collected in the future for any reason. Collection losses on accounts receivable are charged against the allowance for doubtful accounts.

The Authority recognizes a receivable from HUD and other governmental agencies for amounts billed but not received and for amounts unbilled, but earned as of year-end.

H. Allowance for Doubtful Accounts

Management evaluates the collectability of outstanding receivables on a regular basis and establishes an allowance for doubtful accounts based on its assessment of outstanding accounts.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

I. Prepaid Expenses

Prepaid expenses represent amounts paid as of year-end that will benefit future operations.

J. Taxes

The Authority is a governmental entity which is funded primarily by Federal sources and, as such, is exempt from Federal unemployment, income, sales and real estate taxes.

K. Capital Assets, Net

Development costs which are comprised of initial development costs, (acquisition costs, modernization costs, and the costs of urban renewal property), site preparation and property betterments, land, structures and equipment are recorded at historical cost. The costs of demolition expenses are capitalized as land improvements.

Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method based on the estimated useful lives of the following asset groups:

•	Dwelling Equipment	3-7 Years
•	Site Improvements	15 Years
•	Buildings	40 Years

The Authority has established a capitalization threshold of \$1,000.

Maintenance and repairs expenditures are charged to operations when incurred. Expenditures determined to represent additions or betterments are capitalized. When buildings and equipment are sold or otherwise disposed of, the asset account and related accumulated depreciation account are removed from the books, and any gain or loss is included in operations.

L. Impairment of Long Lived Assets

The Authority evaluates events or changes in circumstances affecting long-lived assets to determine whether an impairment of its assets has occurred. If the Authority determines that a capital asset is impaired, and that impairment is significant and other-than-temporary, then an impairment loss will be recorded in the Authority's financial statements.

M. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employees Retirement System (PERS) and additions to/deductions from PERS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

N. Compensated Absences

Accumulated unpaid leave time is accrued at the estimated amounts of future benefits attributable to services already rendered.

Employees may be compensated for accrued vacation leave in the event of retirement or termination of service. Employees may be compensated for sick leave at retirement at the rate of three days for every five days accumulated, payable at the salary rate earned at the time of separation. Employees may only accumulate and carry over to the following year the prior year's unused vacation. The Authority's sick leave policy, in accordance with New Jersey State law, allows employees to carry over unused sick leave without penalty.

O. Use of Management Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Significant estimates include the allowance for doubtful accounts, accrued expenses and other liabilities, depreciable lives of properties and equipment, amortization of leasehold improvements and contingencies. Actual results could differ significantly from these estimates.

P. Equity Classifications

Equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

<u>Net investment in capital assets</u> — Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.

Restricted net position — Consists of resources with constraints placed on the use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Unrestricted net position</u> — All other resources that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Q. Economic Dependency

The Section 8 Housing Choice Voucher and Public and Indian Housing programs of the Authority are economically dependent on operating grants and subsidies from HUD.

R. Inter-program Receivables and Payables

Inter-program receivables/payables are current, and are the result of the use of the Public Housing Program as the common paymaster for shared costs of the Authority. Cash settlements are made periodically and all inter-program balances net to zero. Interprogram receivables and payables are eliminated for financial statement purposes; however they are reflected in the accompanying financial data schedule as required by HUD.

S. Deferred Outflows / Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources until that time.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources until that time.

NOTE 2. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

As of December 31, 2016, the Authority had funds on deposit in checking, statement savings and money market accounts.

As of December 31, 2016, the carrying amount of the Authority's cash (including restricted cash) was \$1,586,328 and the bank balance was \$1,600,610.

Of the bank balances, \$250,297 was covered by federal depository insurance and the remaining \$1,350,313 was collateralized with the pledging financial institution as of December 31, 2016.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned to it. The Authority does not have a formal policy for custodial credit risk. As of December 31, 2016, the Authority's bank balances were not exposed to custodial credit risk.

NOTE 3. ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE - TENANTS, NET

Accounts receivable - tenants represents amounts due for tenant rents and is shown net of an allowance for doubtful accounts of \$1,401 as of December 31, 2016.

NOTE 4. RESTRICTED CASH

As of December 31, 2016, the Authority had restricted cash on deposit in checking, statement savings and money market accounts.

All bank deposits as of the financial statement date are entirely insured or collateralized by a collateral pool maintained by public depositories as required by GUDPA.

Restricted cash consists of the following at December 31, 2016.

Cash Category	Á	Amount
Housing assistance payment reserves Tenant security deposits	\$	6,262 36,498
Capital fund debt leveraging proceeds		298
Modernization and development reserves	 \$	104,541 147,599

Housing assistance payment reserves are restricted for use only in the Section 8 - Housing Choice Voucher Program for tenant rents.

Tenant security deposits represent amounts held by the Authority on behalf of tenants participating in the Public and Indian Housing Program. Upon termination from the program, the tenant is due amounts deposited plus interest earned less any amounts charged for damage to the unit

Capital fund debt leveraging proceeds are restricted for use in the Public and Indian Housing Program in accordance with the Authority's annual plan.

Modernization and development reserves consist of funds earned in connection with the refunding of bonds originally issued in conjunction with the construction of the Section 8 New Construction Project administered by the Authority. The funds are restricted for use in the Public and Indian Housing Program.

NOTE 5. PAYMENTS IN LIEU OF TAXES (PILOT)

Under Federal, State and local law, the Authority's programs are exempt from income, property and excise taxes. However, the Authority is required to make payment in lieu of taxes (PILOT) in accordance with the provisions of its Cooperation Agreement with the Township. Under the Cooperation agreement, the Authority must pay the Township the lesser of 10% of its net shelter rent or the approximate full real property taxes. During the fiscal year ended December 31, 2016, PILOT expense was accrued in the amount of \$3,826.

NOTE 6. CAPITAL ASSETS, NET

The following is a summary of the changes in capital assets for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2016:

Description	December 31, 2015	Additions	_Dispositions	Transfers	December 31, 2016
Non-depreciable capital assets:					
Land	\$ 31,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 31,000
Construction in progress					
Subtotal	31,000				31,000
Depreciable capital assets:					
Buildings	4,595,434	-	-	-	4,595,434
Building improvements	549,180	-	-	-	549,180
Furniture and equipment	<u>158,776</u>	50,012			208,788
Subtotal	5,303,390	50,012		-	5,353,402
Total	5,334,390	50,012			5,384,402
Less: accumulated depreciation	4,335,543	140,375			4,475,918
Net capital assets	\$998,847_	\$_(90,363)	\$ <u> </u>	\$	\$908,484_

NOTE 7. COMPENSATED ABSENCES

Accrued compensated absences of \$73,058 as of December 31, 2016, represents the amount of accumulated leave for which employees are entitled to receive payment in accordance with the Authority's Personnel Policy.

NOTE 8. NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES

During 2007, the Authority entered into a Capital Fund leveraging pool. The New Jersey Housing and Mortgage Finance Agency issued tax exempt, twenty year Capital Fund Program Revenue Bonds, 2007 Series A with a face value of \$390,000 on August 2, 2007. The Authority's share of funds from the bond issue pool amounted to \$371,595. Interest accrues at 4.50% and is payable semi-annually on May 1st and November 1st. The funds shall be repaid solely from Capital Fund allocations received by the Authority from the Department of Housing and Urban Development.

NOTE 8. NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES (continued)

Annual debt service for principal and interest over the next five years and in five year increments is as follows:

Year		Principal		Interest	_	Total
	_					
2017	\$	20,000	\$	12,386	\$	32,386
2018		20,000		11,456		31,456
2019		20,000		10,456		30,456
2020		20,000		9,956		29,956
2021		20,000		8,456		28,456
2022 - 2026		130,000		24,059		154,059
2027	_	30,000	_	743	_	30,743
	_		_		_	
	\$	260,000	\$	77,512	\$_	337,512

Debt service activity for the year ended December 31, 2016 consisted of the following:

Description	December 31, 2015	Additions	Deductions	December 31, 2016	Due within one year
Capital fund revenue bonds Accrued compensated abs Accrued pension liability	\$ 275,000 105,375 861,045	\$ - 22,861 349,530	\$ (15,000) (55,178)	\$ 260,000 73,058 _1,210,575	\$ 20,000 7,306
Non-current liabilities	\$ <u>1,241,420</u>	\$ <u>372,391</u>	\$ <u>(70,178)</u>	\$ <u>1,543,633</u>	\$ 27,306

NOTE 9. PENSION PLAN

A. Plan Description

The State of New Jersey, Public Employees Retirement System (PERS) is a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the State of New Jersey, Division of Pensions and Benefits (the Division). For additional information about PERS, please refer to the Division's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR), which can be found at www.state.nj.us/treasury/pensions/annrprts.shtml.

B. Benefits

The vesting and benefit provisions are set by N.J.S.A. 43:15A. PERS provides retirement, death and disability benefits. All benefits vest after ten years of service, except for medical benefits, which vest after 25 years of service or under the disability provisions of PERS. The following represents the membership tiers for PERS:

NOTE 9. PENSION PLAN (continued)

B. Benefits (continued)

- 1. Members who were enrolled prior to July 1, 2007
- 2. Members who were eligible to enroll on or after July 1, 2007 and prior to November 2, 2008
- 3. Members who were eligible to enroll on or after November 2, 2008 and prior to May 22, 2010
- 4. Members who were eligible to enroll on or after May 22, 2010 and prior to June 28, 2011
- 5. Members who were eligible to enroll on or after June 28, 2011

Service retirement benefits of 1/55th of final average salary for each year of service credit is available to tiers 1 and 2 members upon reaching age 60 and to tier 3 members upon reaching age 62. Service retirement benefits of 1/60th of final average salary for each year of service credit is available to tier 4 members upon reaching age 62 and tier 5 members upon reaching age 65. Early retirement benefits are available to tiers one and two before reaching age 60, tiers 3 and 4 before age 62 with 25 years or more of service credit and tier 5 with 30 or more years of service credit before age 65. Benefits are reduced by a fraction of a percent for each month a member retires prior to the age at which a member can receive an unreduced benefit from age 55 to age 60 if they have at least 25 years of service. Deferred retirement is available to members who have at least 10 years of service credit and have not reached the service retirement age for the respective tier.

C. Contributions

The contribution policy for PERS is set by N.J.S.A. 43:15A and requires contributions by all active members and contributing employers. State legislation has modified the amount that is contributed by the State. The State's pension contribution is based on an actuarially determined amount which includes the employer portion of the normal cost and an amortization of the unfunded accrued liability. Funding for noncontributory group insurance benefits is based on actual claims paid.

The local employers' contribution amounts are based on the actuarially determined rate which includes the normal cost and unfunded accrued liability. Chapter 19, P.L. 2009 provided an option for local employers of PERS to contribute 50% of the normal and accrued liability contribution amounts certified for payments due in State fiscal year 2009. Such employers will be credited with full payment and any such amounts will not be included in their unfunded liability. The actuaries will determine the unfunded liability of those retirement systems, by employer, for the reduced normal and accrued liability contributions provided under this law. This unfunded liability will be paid by the employer in level annual payments over a period of 15 years beginning with the payments due in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012 and will be adjusted by the rate of return on the actuarial value of the assets.

NOTE 9. PENSION PLAN (continued)

D. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At December 31, 2016, the Authority reported a liability of \$1,210,575 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of July 1, 2015, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

For the year ended December 31, 2016, the Authority recognized pension expense of \$81,502. At December 31, 2016, the Authority reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources from the following sources.

	Deferred		Deferred	
	Outflows of		Inflows of	
		Resources		Resources
Changes of Assumptions	\$	250,766	\$	-
Changes in Proportion		48,332		(49,806)
Differences between expected and actual experience		22,513		-
Net differences between actual and projected earnings on pension plan investments		46,160		-
Differences between contribution and amount paid - amoritization	\$_	1,516	_	(4,111)
Total	\$_	369,287	\$_	(53,917)

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended December 31:	<u>Amount</u>		
2017	\$ 68,790		
2018	68,789		
2019	80,599		
2020	69,583		
2021	 27,609		
	\$ 315,370		

E. Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability at the June 30, 2016 measurement date was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2015, which was rolled forward to June 30, 2016. This actuarial valuation used the following assumptions, applied to all periods in the measurement.

NOTE 9. PENSION PLAN (continued)

E. Actuarial Assumptions (continued)

Inflation Rate	3.08%
Salary increases: Through 2026	1.65 - 4.15%, based on age
Thereafter	2.65 - 5.15%, based on age
Investment rate of return	7.65%

Pre-mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Employee Preretirement Mortality Table for male and female active participants. For state employees, mortality tables are set back 4 years for males and females. For local employees, mortality tables are set back 2 years for males and 7 years for females. In addition, the tales provide for future improvements in mortality from the base year of 2013 using a generational approach based on the plan actuary's modified MP-2014 projection scale. Post-retirement mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Healthy Male and Female Mortality Tables (set back one year for males and females) for service retirements and beneficiaries of former members and one-year static projection based on mortality improvement Scale AA. In addition, the tables for service retirements and beneficiaries of former members provide for future improvements in mortality from the base year of 2013 using a generational approach based on the plan actuary's modified MP-2014 projection scale. Disability retirement rates used to value disabled retirees were based on the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table (set back 3 years for males and set forward 1 year for females).

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2015 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2011 to June 30, 2014.

F. Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return is determined by the State Treasurer, after consultation with the Directors of the Division of Investments and the Division of Pensions and Benefits, the board of trustees and the actuaries. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, including the PERS's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2016, are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Rate of Return
Cash	5.00%	0.87%
U.S. Treasuries	1.50%	1.74%
Investment Grade Credit	8.00%	1.79%
Mortgages	2.00%	1.67%
High Yield Bonds	2.00%	4.56%
Inflation-Indexed Bonds	1.50%	3.44%
Broad US Equities	26.00%	8.53%
Developed Foreign Markets	13.25%	6.83%
Emerging Market Equities	6.50%	9.95%
Private Equity	9.00%	12.40%
Hedge Funds/Absolute Return	12.50%	4.68%
Real Estate (Property)	2.00%	6.91%
Commodities	0.50%	5.45%
Global Debt ex US	5.00%	-0.25%
REIT	5.25%	5.63%

NOTE 9. PENSION PLAN (continued)

G. Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 3.98% as of June 30, 2016. This single blended discount rate was based on the long-term expected rate of return on the pension plan investments of 7.65%, and a municipal bond rate of 2.85% as of June 30, 2016 based on the Bond Buyer Go 20-Bond Municipal Bond Index, which includes tax-exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from the plan members will be made based on the contribution rate in the most recent fiscal year. The state employer contributed 30% of the actuarially determined contributions and the local employers contributed 100% of their actuarially determined contributions. Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make projected future benefit payments of current plan members through 2034. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to projected benefit payments through 2034, and the municipal bond rate was applied to projected benefit payments after that date in determining the total pension liability.

H. Sensitivity of the Authority's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the Authority's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 3.98 percent, as well as what the Authority's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (2.98 percent) or 1 percentage point higher (4.98 percent) than the current rate.

	1% Decrease (2.98%)	Discount Rate (3.98%)	1% Increase (4.98%)
Authority's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$1,483,418_	\$1,210,575	\$ 985,319

NOTE 10. POST-RETIREMENT BENEFITS

The Authority participates in the New Jersey State Health Benefits Program ("the SHBP"), which qualifies as a cost-sharing, multiple-employer plan in accordance with GASB Statement No. 45 "Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Post-employment Benefits Other Than Pensions" ("OPEB"). The SHBP is administered by the State of New Jersey, Department of Treasury, Division of Pension and Benefits.

Under the SHBP, retirees may continue the health benefits programs in which they are enrolled at the time of retirement, provided the retiree pays the costs of the benefits (at group rates) for themselves and their eligible dependents.

A retiree may also receive Authority-paid health benefits in accordance with the Authority's personnel policy if they are sixty-two (62) years of age and have fifteen (15) or more years of service with the Authority.

NOTE 10. POST-RETIREMENT BENEFITS (continued)

A. Contribution Requirements - SHBP

Contributions to pay for the health premiums of participating employees in the SHBP – Local are collected from the State of New Jersey, participating local employers, active members, and retired members. Local employer payments and active and retired member contributions are generally received on a monthly basis.

Local group employees are not affected by the premium sharing provisions of Chapter 8, P.L. 1996. Chapter 2, P.L. 2010, effective May 21, 2010, requires a minimum contribution of 1.5% of base salary toward the cost of health care benefits coverage by all active public employees. Employees of the State, local governments, and boards of education who become a member of a State or locally-administered retirement system on or after the law's effective date would be required to pay in retirement 1.5% of their pension benefit toward the cost of health care coverage under the SHBP.

Chapter 78, P.L. 2011, effective June 28, 2011, established new employee contribution requirements towards the cost of employer provided health benefit coverage. Employees are required to contribute a certain percentage of the cost of coverage. The rate of contribution is determined based on the employee's annual salary and the selected level of coverage. The increased employee contributions will be phased in over a 4-year period for those employed prior to Chapter 78's effective date with a minimum contribution required to be at least 1.5% of salary. For those employed on or after June 28, 2011, the 4-year phase-in does not apply and contributions based on the full percentage rate of contribution are required. Under Chapter 78, certain future retirees eligible for employer-paid health care coverage at retirement will also be required to pay a percentage of the cost of their medical coverage determined on the basis of their annual retirement benefit.

The State of New Jersey, Department of the Treasury, Division of Pensions and Benefits, issues publicly available financial reports that include the financial statements and required supplementary information of the SHBP. The financial reports may be obtained by writing to the State of New Jersey, Department of the Treasury, Division of Pensions and Benefits, P.O. Box 295, Trenton, New Jersey 08625-0295.

The SHBP is established under the authority of N.J.S.A. 52:14-17.25 et seq. and regulations adopted by the State Health Benefits Commission. At December 31, 2016, the Authority had approximately 4 active and 0 retired participants in the system. The required contribution rate is determined on an annual pay as you go basis. There were no contributions made for retirees for the past three years.

NOTE 11. RESTRICTED NET POSITION

As of December 31, 2016, restricted net position consisted of the following:

<u>Description</u>	<u>Amount</u>	
Earnings from bond refunding Capital fund debt leveraging proceeds Housing assistance payments	\$	104,541 298 6,262
Total restricted net position	\$	111,101

Accumulated earnings in connection with the refunding of bonds originally issued in conjunction with the construction of the Section 8 New Construction Project are held in a separate bank account for the benefit of very low income households, including the improvement of the public housing developments known as Magnolia Gardens and Brian Apartments.

Capital fund debt leveraging proceeds are restricted for use in the Low Rent Public Housing Program in accordance with the Authority's annual plan.

Accumulated earnings in connection with the overpayment of housing assistance payments are restricted for rent payments to landlords as part of the housing choice voucher program.

NOTE 12. RISK MANAGEMENT

The Authority is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft, damage, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters. The Authority maintains insurance policies acquired from independent insurance carries covering all structural property, automobiles, crime coverage, personal property and general liability.

Settlement amounts have not exceeded insurance coverage for 2016, 2015, and 2014 except for deductibles.

NOTE 13. CONTINGENCIES

The Authority receives financial assistance from HUD in the form of grants and subsidies. Entitlement to the funds is generally conditional upon compliance with terms and conditions of the grant agreements and applicable regulations, including the expenditure of the funds for eligible purposes. Substantially all grants, entitlements and cost reimbursements are subject to financial and compliance audits by HUD. As a result of these audits, costs previously reimbursed could be disallowed and require payments to HUD. As of December 31, 2016, the Authority estimates that no material liabilities will result from such audits.

HOUSING AUTHORITY OF THE TOWNSHIP OF BERKELEY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

NOTE 14. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Events that occur after the financial statement date but before the financial statements were available to be issued must be evaluated for recognition or disclosure. The effects of subsequent events that provide evidence about conditions that existed at the financial statement date are recognized in the accompanying financial statements. Subsequent events which provide evidence about conditions that existed after the financial statement date require disclosure in the accompanying notes to the financial statements. Management evaluated the activity of the Authority through August 28, 2017 (the date the financial statements were available to be issued) and concluded that no subsequent events occurred that would require disclosure in the notes to the financial statements.



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Commissioners
Housing Authority of the Township of Berkeley:

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States and audit requirements as prescribed by the Division of Local Government Services, Department of Community Affairs, State of New Jersey, the financial statements of the Housing Authority of the Township of Berkeley (the "Authority") as of and for the year ended December 31, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Authority's financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated August 28, 2017.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Authority's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Authority's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Novograda & Company LLP

August 28, 2017 Toms River, New Jersey



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE AND NEW JERSEY OMB CIRCULAR 15-08

To the Board of Commissioners
Housing Authority of the Township of Berkeley:

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Housing Authority of the Township of Berkeley's (the "Authority") compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the OMB Compliance Supplement that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Authority's major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2016. The Authority's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the Authority's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 *U.S. Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance), and the State of New Jersey OMB Circular 15-08, Single Audit Policy for Recipients of Federal Grants, State Grants and State Aid. Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Authority's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Authority's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the Authority complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2016.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the Authority is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the Authority's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Novogodac & Company LLP

August 28, 2017 Toms River, New Jersey

HOUSING AUTHORITY OF THE TOWNSHIP OF BERKELEY SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

HOUSING AUTHORITY OF THE TOWNSHIP OF BERKELEY NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

NOTE 1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards includes the federal grant activity of Housing Authority of the Township of Berkeley under programs of the federal government for the year ended December 31, 2016. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the schedule presents only a selected portion of operations of the Housing Authority of the Township of Berkeley, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position or cash flows of the Housing Authority of the Township of Berkeley

NOTE 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

NOTE 3. INDIRECT COST RATE

The Authority has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

HOUSING AUTHORITY OF THE TOWNSHIP OF BERKELEY NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS (continued) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

NOTE 4. STATEMENT AND CERTIFICATION OF ACTUAL CAPITAL FUND PROGRAM COSTS

	<u>501-14</u>	<u>501-15</u>	<u>501-16</u>	<u>Totals</u>
Budget	\$78,745	\$ 80,503	\$ 83,752	\$243,000
Advances: Cumulative through 1/1/16 Current Year Cumulative through 12/31/16	\$ - 11,119 11,119	\$ - - 71,578 - 71,578	\$ - 	\$ - 82,697 82,697
Costs: Cumulative through 1/1/16 Current Year Cumulative through 12/31/16	70,109 8,636 78,745	8,925 71,578 80,503		79,034 80,214 159,248
Excess / (Deficiency)	\$ <u>(67,626</u>)	\$ <u>(8,925)</u>	\$	\$ <u>(76,551</u>)

¹⁾ The total amount of Capital Fund Program Costs and Advances incurred and earned by the Housing Authority of the Township of Berkeley as of December 31, 2016 are provided herein.

HOUSING AUTHORITY OF THE TOWNSHIP OF BERKELEY SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS DECEMBER 31, 2016

I. Summary of Auditors' Results

Financial Statement Section

1.	Type o	f auditors' report issued:		Unmodified		
2.	Interna	eporting				
	a.	Material Weakness(es)	identified?	No		
	b.	Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	No		
3.	Noncoi	oncompliance material to the financial statements?				
Federal Awards Section						
1.	Interna	l Control over compliand	ce:			
	a.	Material weakness(es)	identified?	No		
	ь.	Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	No		
2.	Type of auditors' report on comfor major programs:		pliance	Unmodified		
3.		dit findings disclosed the ported in accordance wi		No		
4.	Identifi	cation of major program	os:			
	<u>CFDA</u>	Number	Name of Federal Program			
	14.871		Section 8 Housing Choice Vou	cher Program		
5.	Dollar threshold used to disting Type A and Type B Programs:		uish between	\$750,000		
6.	Audite	e qualified as low-risk A	uditee?	No		

HOUSING AUTHORITY OF THE TOWNSHIP OF BERKELEY SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (continued) DECEMBER 31, 2016

II. Financial Statement Findings

There were no findings related to the financial statements which are required to be reported in accordance with Government Auditing Standards.

III. Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

None.

IV. Summary of Prior Audit Findings

There were no findings or questioned costs in prior year.

HOUSING AUTHORITY OF THE TOWNSHIP OF BERKELEY REQUIRED PENSION INFORMATION DECEMBER 31, 2016

SCHEDULE OF AUTHORITY CONTRIBUTIONS FOR THE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS***

		mber 31, 2 <u>014</u>	mber 31, 2015		mber 31, 2 <u>016</u>
Contractually required contribution	\$	34,901	\$ 32,977	\$	36,312
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		34,901	 32,977		36,312
(Over) / under funded	\$		\$ <u> </u>	\$	-
Authority's covered-employee payroll	\$	300,798	\$ 324,326	<u>\$</u>	328,267
Contributions as a percentage of covered- employee payroll		<u>11.60</u> %	 <u> 10.17</u> %		11.06 %

SCHEDULE OF THE AUTHORITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THEIR NET PENSION LIABILITY FOR THE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS***

	December 31, 2014	December 31, 2015	December 31, 2016
Authority's proportion of the net pension liability	0.0042 %	0.0038 %	0.0041 %
Authority's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	\$ <u>861,045</u>	\$ <u>1,210,575</u>
Authority's covered-employee payroli	\$300,798	\$324,326	\$328,267
Authority's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered- employee payroll	263.51 %	265.49 %	368.78 %
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	52.08 %	47.93 %	40.14 %

^{*** =} Until a full 10 year trend is compiled the Authority is presenting information for those years that are available.

Illousing Authority of Township of Berkeley	
December 31, 2016	
Account Description	
Account Description	
ASSETS:	al
CURRENT ASSETS Cash Cash - unrestricted Cash - unrestricted - modernzation and development Cash - straticted - modernzation and development Cash - other restricted 104,839 6,262 Cash - cash - other straticted 1337,100 238,445 10,783 Cash - other straticted 1337,100 238,445 10,783 Cash - other straticted Cash - other strat	
Cash	
112 Cash - restricted - modernization and development - - - -	
113 Cash - other restricted 104.839 6.262 114 Cash - tenant security deposits 36.498 115 Cash - tenant security deposits 36.498 116 Cash - tenant security deposits 117 Cash - tenant security deposits 118 Cash - tenant security deposits 119 Total cash 1.337,100 238.445 107.783 - 120 Accounts and notes receivables 121 Accounts receivable - PHA projects 122 Accounts receivable - HUD other projects 123 Accounts receivable - tother government - 124 Accounts receivable - other government - 125 Accounts receivable - miscellaneous - - 126 Allowance for doubtful accounts - tenants 2.625 - - 126 Allowance for doubtful accounts - tenants (1.312) - - 127 Notes and mortigages receivable - current - - 128 Fraud recovery 175 - - 128 Fraud recovery 175 - - 129 Account interest receivable - - - 120 Total receivable, net of allowances for doubtful accounts 1.401 - - 120 Total receivable, net of allowances for doubtful accounts 1.401 - - 131 Investments - unrestricted - - - 132 Investments - unrestricted - - - 133 Investments - testricted - - 143 Investments - restricted for payment of current liability - - 143 Investments - restricted - - 143 Investments - restricted - - 143 Inventores - -	1,438,729
114	111,101
115	36,498
Accounts and notes receivables	
121	1,586,328
121	
122	
125	-
126 Accounts receivable- tenants 2,623 - - 126 Allowance for doubtful accounts - tenants (1,312) - - 126 Allowance for doubtful accounts - other - - 127 Notes and mortgages receivable- current - - - 128 Fraud recovery 175 - - 128 Allowance for doubtful accounts - fraud (87) - - 129 Accrued interest receivable - - - 120 Total receivables, net of allowances for doubtful accounts 1,401 - - 131 Investments - 132 Investments - - - 133 Investments - restricted - - - 144 Prepaid expenses and other assets - - 143 Inventores	-
126 Allowance for doubtful accounts - tenants (1,312) -	2.625
126.2 Allowance for doubtful accounts - other - - - -	(1,312)
128 Fraud recovery	- (11111)
128 Allowance for doubtful accounts - fraud	-
129	175 (87)
Total receivables, net of allowances for doubtful accounts	(87)
131 Investments - unrestricted	1,401
131 Investments - unrestricted	
132 Investments - restricted -	
135 Investments - restricted for payment of current liability	
142 Prepaid expenses and other assets -	-
	-
	-
143 Allowance for obsolete inventories	-
145 Assets held for sale	-
150 TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS 1,338,501 238,445 10,783 -	1,587,729
NONCURRENT ASSETS	
Fixed assets:	-
161 Land 31,000 • • • •	31,000
162 Buildings 4,595,434	4,595,434
163 Furniture, equipment & machinery - dwellings	208,788
164 Furniture, equipment & machinery - administration 208,788 - - -	549,180
166 Accumulated depreciation	(4,475,918)
167 Construction in Progress	-
168 Infrastructure -	908,484
160 Total fixed assets, net of accumulated depreciation 908,4#4	908,484
Other non-current assets:	
171 Notes and mortgages receivable - non-cutrent	:
172 Notes and mortgages receivable-non-current - past due	-
174 Other assets	•
176 Illustiment in joint ventures	-
180 TOTAL NONCURRENT ASSETS 908.484	908,484
200 Deferred Outflow of Resources 304,356 64,931	369,287
	2447,2447
290 TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES \$ 2,551,341 \$ 303,376 \$ 10,783 \$ - \$	

lousing Aut	hority of Township of Berkeley	ļ				
NJ056		İ				
inancial Data S	chedule (FDS)					
December 31, 20	116	<u> </u>			1	
300011131120		1			i	
Line Item #	Account Description	Projects	14 871 Housing Choice Vouchers	14 267 Continuum of Care	Special Needs Assistance Program	Total
.iiie iteiii »						
	LIABILITIES AND EQUITY	1				
	Liabilities					
	Current Liabilities	ì				
311	Bank overdraft	\$.	\$	\$	\$ 19	\$
312	Accounts payable ± 90 days	18,423	*		2.4	18,42
313	Accounts payable > 90 days past due		*)		174	-
321	Accrued wage/payroll taxes payable	2,646			1.4	2,64
322	Accrued compensated absences - current portion	7,306	4.5	(4)	1.0	7,30
324	Accrued contingency liability	•	47	.:(•)	7.9	
325	Accrued interest payable		*0	(w.)		-
331	Accounts payable - HUD PHA programs		*2		774	-
332	Accounts payable - PHA projects	-	• 6	0,900		-
333	Accounts payable - other government	3,826	**		Na.	3,82
341	Tenant security deposits	36,498		.(*)	(4)	36,49
342	Uncarned revenue	4,809	22,429		174	27,23
343	Current portion of L-T debt - capital projects	20,000		() *		20,00
344	Current portion of L-T debt - operating borrowings	-	* 1	0.4.0	-	-
345	Other current habilities	*	H22	0.40		K2
346		22,648	***	17-11		22,64
347 310	Interprogram - due to	-	7	(*)		54
310	TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES	116,156	23,251		1 3.4	[39,4]
	NONCURRENT LIABILITIES:	1				
351		240,000				240.00
352			-	-		240,00
353		 	-		2.	
354		65.752	-	(4)		65.75
355					-	
356		1 -	A.1	+	2.00	
357	Accrated pension and OPEB habilities	857,086	353,489			1,210,57
350	TOTAL NONCURRENT LIABILITIES	1,162,838	353,489			1,516,32
300	TOTAL LIABILITIES	1,278,994	376,740	(4)	7.4-0	1 1,655,73
		10				i
400	Defened laflow of Resources	26,926	26,991	11.5.0		53.91
		1				
	(EQUITY:	l'				
509.1		648,484	4.0	1745		648,41
511 1	Restricted Net Assets	104,839	6,262	1000	7.5	111,10
512	Unrestricted Net Assets	492,098	(106,617)	10,783		396,26
513	TOTAL EQUITY	1,245,421	(100,355)	10,783		1,155,84
600	I Francisco			1	1	
600	TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND EQUITY	\$ 2,551,341	\$ 303,376	\$ 10,783	15	\$ 2,865,50
	Proof of concept					

Housing Au	ıtbı	ority of Township of Berkeley			1	0	i "	
NJ056							-	
Financial Data 5								
	ш	<u> </u>						
December 31, 2	016	1 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20						
Line Hem #		Account Description	Operating Fund Program	Capital Fund Program	14 871 Housing Choice Vouchers	14 267 Continuum of Care	Special Needs Assistance Program	Total
	RE	VENUE:						
		et tenant rental revenus	\$ 270,510	\$.	\$ -	\$ -		\$ 270,5 kit
70500		enant revenue - other Lotal tenant revenue	14.515 285,025				-	14,515
70300	Hŧ		C=0,0,012		•	*	-	285,025
70600	11	UI) PHA grants	257,588	65,214	274,661	150,2HR	-	747,751
		apstal granta	-	15,000	•		-	15,000
		ther government grants			#10		•	*
		restment theorie - tigrestricled origage interest income	2.112	-	519	26	•	2,657
71300	13	roceeds from disposition of assects held for sak	·	-		-	-	12
7(301	G	est of sale of assets	-					1.0
		and technity	1,731	-	1.428			3 166
		ther revenue	17,156		178,030	2,050		197,236
71600 72000		num or loss on sale of fixed assets resistment income - restricted	•				-	
7,5000	Hï		-			ř.		
70000	-	TAL REVENUE	563,619	80.214	454,638	152,364		1,250,835
	II		223,017	1.0/00 FT	15 1,0.74	124.70		1,000,000
	EX	PENSES:						
I——	Ш						ļ	
\vdash		Administrative	ļ		5			
91100	П	Administrative salaries	120,624	H,050	24,000			152,674
91200	1	Auditing fees	7,460	-	500	S	-	7,960
91300	Ш	Outside management feer	-	•				74
91310	Hť	Hook-keeping fee Advertising and marketing		-	-	-	•	
91500	Hi	Employee benefit contributions-administrativ	124,209		10.1461		-	135,070
		Office expenses	30,138	-	3,600		-	33,738
91700		egal expenses	14.055		, ,,,,,,,		-	15.255
91800			2,695	2,678		· ·	•	5,373
31300 31810		Allocated overheat Other	17,725	7,111	2,400		•	27,236
7,7110	Hť	Total administrative	316,906	17,819	42,561	v/ .		377,306
- 11						V.		
92000		Asset Management Fee				The second		
l		Terant services	<u> </u>					
	Ш							
		Tenant services - salaries	10,000		-		•	10,000
92200	Ш	Relocation costs		•		<u> </u>	-	5.9
92300	₩	Employee benefit contributions- tenant actvice Tenant services - other	4,758				(A)	4,758
12400		Total tenant services	14,758				-	14,758
	\mathbf{H}				K		i	
		Pubues				V		
91100	₩	Water	34,381		1	,		34,381
93200	#	Electricity	42,982	F121				42,982
93300	П	Cinn	40,434			L 100	0.00	40,434
93400	Ш	Fuel		977	12		17.41	1.4
9350U 9360U		Labor	73,623 24,424	10	()-	-	97+37	73,623
		Sewer Employee benefit contributions- utilitie:	30,926			- 1	-	24.424 30.926
931100	Ш	Other whittes expense					7-	the state of the s
	Ш	Total uninter	246,770		100	5 30	(4.5	246,770
	Ш	[Dubana and and and and and and and and and				2.00		
	₩	Ordinary maintenance & operation					 	<u> </u>
94100	Ш	Ordinary maintenance and operations - labo	86,435			-	(32.3)	86,435
94200	Ш	Ordinary maintenance and operations - materials & othe	28,028				1740	46,257
94300	Щ	Ordinary maintenance and operations - contract cost	25,921	7,962	- 1		U e u	33,863
94300		Employee benefit contributions- ordinary maintenance Total ordinary maintenance	34,495 174,879					34.495
	$\forall \forall$	A country and anticology of the party of the	1.4,817	40,171	1.0			1,007/17
	Ш	Protective services						
95100 95200		Protective services - labor Protective services - other contract cost	*		9.			
		Protective services - other		10			(10 4) (1	-
95500	Ш	Employee benefit contributions- protective service	19.	7.4			(4)	19
	\Box	Total protective services		-	34	20 10	(4)	1,4
1 1	Π	II	!					

floosing Ap	athe	ority of Township of Berkeley	!		1	VI		
Financial Data								-
	LE	(
December 31, 2	016							
		Account Description	Operating Fund Program	Capital Fund Program	14 87) Housing Choice Vouchers	14 267 Continuum of Care	Special Needs Assistance Program	Total
Line Item#	Щ	General expenses	ļ			<u> </u>		
 	₩	(Veneral expense)	-					
96100		Insurance premiums	33,337		2,400			35,737
96200	111	Other general expenses	38,075	-		4		38,075
96210	Ш	Compensated absences		• 1		•		
96300 96400		Payments in hea of taxes	3,826	-	-	-		3,826
96500 96500		Had debt - tenant rents Had debt- mortgages		- 1		•		<u> </u>
96600	НН	Had deht - other	-					-
96710		Interest of mortgage (or bonds) payable	13,134		-		-	13,134
96730	Ш	Amortization of bond issue costs		+71		-		
96100	Щ	Severance expense		-				
	Ш	Total general expenses	KK, 372		2,400	-	-	90,772
04000	₩	TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	R41,6H5	44,030	44.961	E .		1
95900			741,083	44,030	44,961			910.676
		EXCESS OPERATING REVENUE OVER OPERATING EXPENSES	(278.066)	36,184	409,677	152,364		320,159
97100	Н	Extraordinary maintenance	35,428	-			-	35,428
97200	ш	Casualty losses - non capitalized	-	-			-	
97300	Ш	Housing assistance payments		• 1	243,153	141,581		384,734
97350	Ш	HAP Portability - in		- 1	166,236		-	166,236
97400	Ш	Department expense Fraud losses Dwelling units rent expense	140,375				-	140,375
97800	Н	Dwelling unds tent extreme	-	-	-	-	•	-
	Ш				1		1	-
		TAL EXPENSES	1,017,488	44,030	454,350	141,581		1,657,449
	П				I			
		HER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Pouto		Operating transfers in	21,184		-	-		21,184
		Operating transfers out	\$1,100	(21,184)		05	-	(21,184)
10020		Operating transfers from/to primary government		121 [04]		-		1
	₩		+	*.5.	-	····	-	
		Operating transfers from/to component unit			-	•		-
		Extraordinary items, net gain/loss		+				-
10080		Special items (net gain/loss)	-		<u> </u>	-	•	-
		Inter Project excess cash transfer in	· · · · · ·	15		•	-	
		Inter Project excess cash transfer out	190	-		Pa -	-	
10093		Transfers between program and project in	-	+ 1				
10094	Ш	Transfers between program and project out		200	1	E .		
	Ш	<u> </u>				5	1	
10100	Ta	TAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	21,184	(21,184)		[F. 1	
	Ш					2		. (9)
	_	CESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUE OVER EXPENSES	(432,685)	15,000	1 288	10,783	*	(406,614)
	Ш		-)			ļ
		IT INFORMATION:						
11020	777	Required annual debt principal payments	1.0	15,000	-		(5)	15 000
	₩	<u> </u>						
		Reginning equity	1,663,106		(100,643)		- 23	1,562,463
11040	Ш	Prior period adjustments and equity transfers				(4)	0.00	5.4
	Ш				1:			
11170	Ш	Administrative fee equity	**		(100,556)			4100,5561
11180	Ш	Housing assistance payments equity	1.00	-	6,262	-	0.755	6,262
	П							
11190	Ш	Unit months available	840		300			1.140
		Number of unit months leased	817		295			1.132
1	Ш				1			1134
	₩	ii —	+			-		
	†††	Equity Roll Forward Test:						
		Calculation from R/E Statement	\$ 1,245,421		A 1910-040	# #/ ===		
				5 -	\$ (100,355)		5	\$ 1,155,849
		B/S Line 513	\$ 1,245,421		\$ (100,155)			\$ 1,155,849
	 	11	3 (%)	\$ -	13 -	5 .	\$	5

.